

Ventral Hernia

Imperial College London

Chelsea and Westminster Hospital
NHS Foundation Trust

Robotic 'Bottom-up' Transabdominal Retromuscular Repair for Diastasis Rectus Abdominis

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Background

Robotic Transabdominal Retromuscular Repair (TARM) has gained popularity in the management of Diastasis Rectus Abdominis (DRAM), offering advantages over traditional abdominoplasty which involves large scarring incisions and a prolonged recovery.

Method

- 3 robotic ports positioned along the bikini line
- Caudocranial retrorectus dissection
- Reduction of concomitant ventral herniae
- Plication of the diastasis using a continuous inverting 'Geneva' stitch technique
- Closure of the posterior layer to enhance the 'waisting effect' of the plication
- Insertion of a prosthetic mesh.

Pooled analysis of patients with postpartum abdominal wall insufficiency undergoing bottom-up TARM for combined repair of DRAM and ventral herniae within a single-surgeon practice.



Figure 1: Geneva stitch

Continuous inverting suture pattern to plicate the diastasis.

Results

September 2024-January 2025: 6 robotic 'bottom-up' TARM procedures.

Median console time: 76 minutes (IQR 68-79)

Demographics:

- Female n=6 (100%)
- Median age 40 (IQR 38-41)
- ASA I (66.7%), ASA II (33.3%)

Outcomes

- Median blood loss: 30mL (no transfusions)
- No conversions to open
- Median length of stay: 1.5 days
- 100% complication-free recovery
- No readmissions, no returns to theatre
- No deaths within 60 days
- No early recurrences.
- Median follow-up: 46 days.

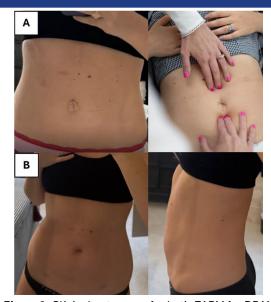


Figure 2: Clinical outcome of robotic TARM for DRAM. (A) Preoperative (B) 4-weeks postoperative

Conclusion

Our findings highlight the **successful implementation** of the bottom-up TARM approach into practice, with **favourable postoperative outcomes** and **cosmetic results**, short length of stay, and no readmissions, returns to theatre or early recurrences.

This operation provides an **important alternative** to women suffering with DRAM postpartum, but without significant lipocutaneous issues.